CECS 528, Learning Outcome Assessment 8a, April 7th, Spring 2023, Dr. Ebert

NO NOTES, BOOKS, ELECTRONIC DEVICES, OR INTERPERSONAL COMMU-NICATION ALLOWED. Submit solutions to at most 2 LO problems on separate sheets of paper.

Problems

- LO4. Use the Substitution method to prove that T(n) = T(n/3) + T(2n/3) + n implies that $T(n) = \Omega(n \log n)$.
- LO5. At the top level of recursion for the Median-of-Five Find Statistic algorithm, with

a = 83, 63, 38, 65, 4, 60, 7, 69, 32, 67, 36, 91, 82, 21, 24, 33, 72, 2, 62, 47, 52, 71

and k = 11 as inputs,

- (a) What number will be chosen as the pivot for the partitioning step? Show work.
- (b) At the next level (1) of recursion, which array will be examined: a_{left} or a_{right} ? Explain.
- LO6. Recall the combine step of the Minimum Distance Pair (MDP) algorithm where, for each point P in the δ -strip, there is a $2\delta \times \delta$ rectangle whose base contains P and is bisected by the dividing line O (see below).



- (a) Explain why there can be at most 7 other points (from the problem instance) in this rectangle.
- (b) Why are those 7 points the only ones for which P's distance must be computed?
- LO7. Answer/Solve the following questions/problems.

- (a) The dynamic-programming algorithm that solves the Edit Distance optimization problem defines a recurrence for the function d(i, j). In words, what does d(i, j) equal? Hint: do not write the recurrence (see Part b).
- (b) Provide the dynamic-programming recurrence for d(i, j).
- (c) Apply the recurrence from Part b to the words u = aabbab and v = bababa. Show the matrix of subproblem solutions and use it to provide an optimal sequence of edits.
- LO8. Answer/Solve the following questions/problems.
 - (a) The dynamic-programming algorithm that solves the Matrix-Chain Multiplication optimization problem defines a recurrence for the function mc(i, j). In words, what does mc(i, j) equal? Hint: do not write the recurrence (see Part b).
 - (b) Provide the dynamic-programming recurrence for mc(i, j).
 - (c) Apply the recurrence from Part b to the dimension sequence 2,5,5,1,4. Show the matrix of subproblem solutions and use it to provide an optimal parenthesization.